

## **Electric Vehicle Charging Stations**

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With Special Thanks to Cornell Transportation and Gary

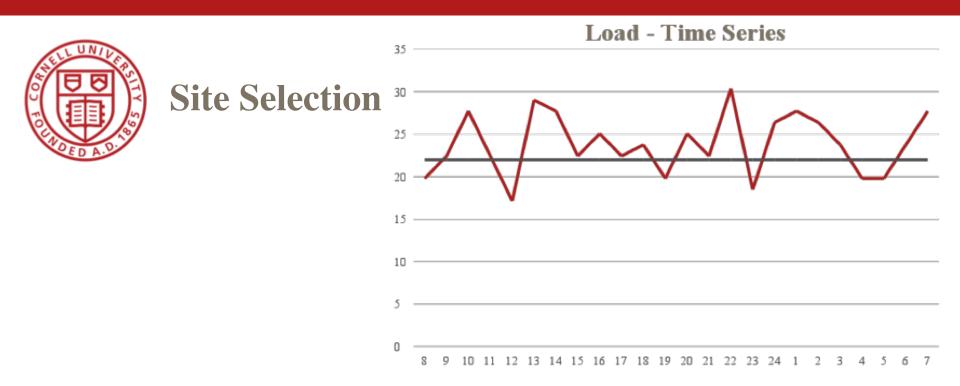


# **Methodological Approach**

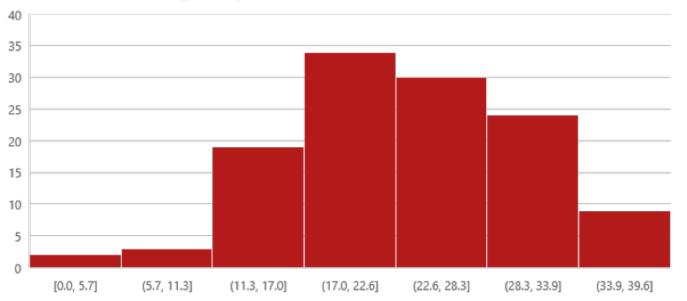
The process of planning EVSE (Electric Vehicle Support Equipment) infrastructure is approached from 3 aspects:

### **1. Site Selection**

- To make the decision support as simple as possible we will mainly be considering the total load generated by planned and existing charging points to see if a particular location will exceed the maximum grid load at any point. If not the plan is a go. If it does we can either reduce the planned number of charging stations, increase the grid capacity or evaluate a different location.
- Range Anxiety SoC, which is defined as the state of charge below which the owner feels compelled to charge, is estimated using lognormal distribution.
- The state of charge of a vehicle parked in a charging space is simulated.
- If it is below the range anxiety SOC an additional load of 6.6 kW is assumed on the grid.
- If the total load applied by all the CS at a particular time exceeds the peak power supply, then further installations of CS on that site to increase power demand is not recommended



#### **Frequency Plot - Cumulative EV Load**





## 2. Capacity Management

The main objective is to estimate the increase in grid demand due to Electric Vehicles.

- Factors- EV penetration, spatial distribution of charging stations, time in the day of vehicle charging, charging rate, energy consumed per charge
- SOC estimation- Depends on distance travelled by the car, estimated assuming a lognormal distribution with mean distance travelled- 22 miles and standard dev- 12 miles. Range- 100 miles and charged once in three days.
- Time of day distribution- Assumed to be a normal distribution with mean at 12pm and standard deviation of 4 hours.
- Charging rate- 6.6 kW and 20 charge points.

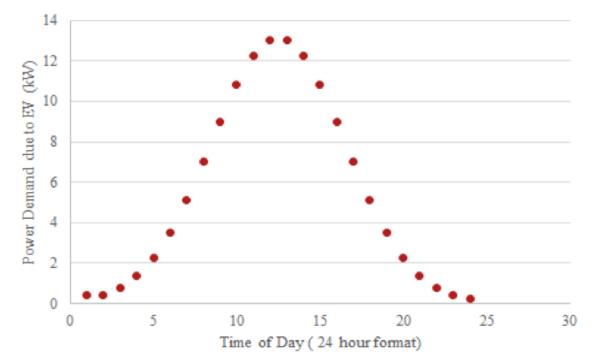
$$E_i = \left(1 - \frac{\alpha d}{d_R}\right) \times 100\% \qquad P_n = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^{n_c} P_j \cdot \Phi(P_j, t)$$



The adequacy of the grid to match the power demand curve needs to be ascertained from the Power vendor.

Data needed:

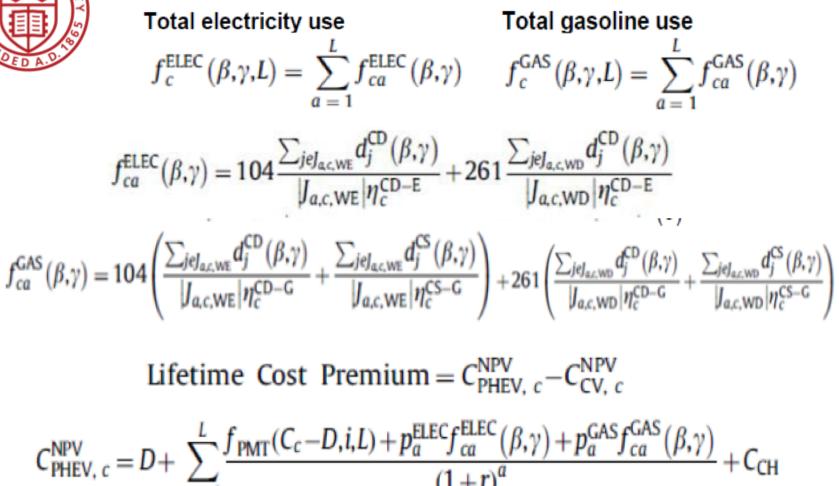
- Time of day of charging
- State of charge at the time of charging
- Spatial distribution and number of charging stations and charge points.



Power Demand Curve

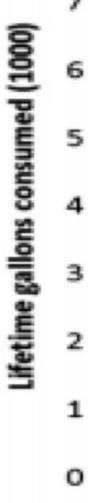


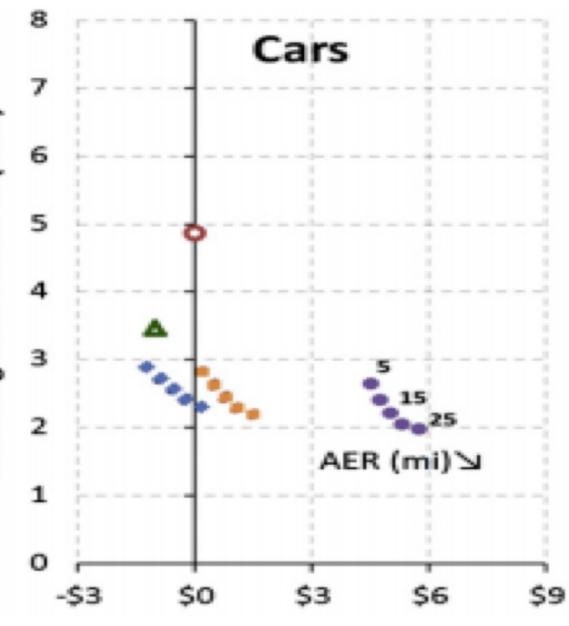
### **3.** Cost Recovery



$$C_{\text{CV},c}^{\text{NPV}} = \sum_{a=1}^{L} \left( \frac{\sum_{j \in J_{a,c}} d_j}{|J_{a,c}| \eta_c^{\text{CV}}} \right) \left( \frac{p_a^{\text{GAS}}}{(1+r)^a} \right)$$







Lifetime Cost Premium vs. Conventinal Vehicle (\$1000)



Based on assessment of the situation and requirements of Cornell Transportation, utilizing six-sigma tools, research in electric charging industry and simulated model results, please consider the follows should conditions apply :

- Collect data as per the list provided in the report. This will provide quantitative decision support if used in conjunction with the models provided in the report.
- Follow the procedure highlighted for each part of the infrastructure planning process as elucidated in the simulations.
- Use the excel workbook provided (with the model equations) to plug in the data as and when becomes available to run the model to ensure soundness of any proposal.



## Thank You !

