

UTC Project Information – Center for Transportation, Environment, and Community Health	
Project Title	The Impact of Mobility on the Spread of Infectious Diseases to and from High Risk Environments
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Funding Sources and Amount Provided (by each agency or organization)	USDOT: \$60,636 Cornell: \$30,000
Total Project Cost	\$90,636
Agency ID or Contract Number	Sponsor Source: Federal Government CFDA #: 20.701 Agreement ID: 69A3551747119
Start and End Dates	06/01/2020 – 09/30/2021
Brief Description of Research Project	Transportation flows play a critical role in the propagation of infectious diseases. Mitigating the spread of such diseases requires understanding this dependency and building epidemiological models that explicitly account for transportation flows. In epidemiological studies, compartmental models such as the susceptible, exposed, infectious, and recovered (SEIR) model are an important tool in understanding how infectious diseases propagate through a population. Due to the importance of travel on the dynamics of the disease spread, there has been renewed interest in directly modeling transportation flows through the use of spatial meta-population SEIR models. This project explored models for explicitly integrating transportation flows in SEIR models with a focus on high-risk environments.
Describe Implementation of Research Outcomes (or why not implemented) Place Any Photos Here	 Increased understanding and awareness of the interplay between mobility and epidemics. In particular, understanding how to curb the spread of disease through public transit while minimizing the disruptions to mobility and the resulting economic losses. Increased body of knowledge via academic publications (Transportation Research Part C) and presentations (TRB 2022 Annual Meeting). Increased awareness of transportation specific considerations within the community of researchers working on epidemic modeling. In particular, through collaborative research between researchers from Civil Engineering (transportation) and Mathematics.

Impacts/Benefits of Implementation (actual, not anticipated)	 Provided tools that can potentially improve the safety of the transportation system with minimal disruptions to it during an epidemic. Increased the body of scientific knowledge and technologies through new modeling and evaluation techniques. Enlarged the pool of people trained to develop knowledge via the training of students.
Web Links Reports Project website	http://ctech.cee.cornell.edu/final-project-reports